

Les références

Le dossier complet est disponible auprès de: <https://www.fphighimpactpractices.org/briefs/community-health-workers/>

Abdul-Hadi RA, Abass MM, Aiyenigba BO, Oseni LO, Odafe S, Chabikuli ON, et al. The effectiveness of community based distribution of injectable contraceptives using community health extension workers in Gombe State, Northern Nigeria. *Afr J Reprod Health*. 2013;17(2):80-88.

Alam K, Khan JA, Walker DG. Impact of dropout of female volunteer community health workers: An exploration in Dhaka urban slums. *BMC Health Serv Res*. 2012;12:260. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/1472-6963-12-260>

Arrowsmith M, Aicken C, Majeed A, Saxeen S. Interventions for increasing uptake of copper intrauterine devices: systematic review and meta-analysis. *Contraception*. 2012;86(6):600-605.

Bhutta ZA, Lassi ZS, Pariyo G, Huicho L. Global experience of community health workers for delivery of health related millennium development goals: a systematic review, country case studies, and recommendations for integration into national health systems. Geneva: World Health Organization, Global Health Workforce Alliance; 2010. Available from: http://www.who.int/entity/workforcealliance/knowledge/publications/CHW_FullReport_2010.pdf

Campbell N, Schiffer E, Buxbaum A, McLean E, Perry C, Sullivan T. Taking knowledge for health the extra mile: participatory evaluation of a mobile phone intervention for community health workers in Malawi. *Glob Health Sci Pract*. 2014;2(1):23-34. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9745/GHSP-D-13-00141>

Chandani Y, Andersson S, Heaton A, Noel M, Shieshia M, Mwiroti A, et al. Making products available among community health workers: evidence for improving community health supply chains from Ethiopia, Malawi, and Rwanda. *J Glob Health*. 2014;4:020405. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC25520795/>

Charyeva Z, Oguntunde O, Orobato N, Otolorin E, Inuwa F, Alalade O, et al. Task shifting provision of contraceptive implants to community health extension workers: results of operations research in northern Nigeria. *Glob Health Sci Pract*. 2015;3(3):382-394. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9745/GHSP-D-15-00129>

Chewicha K, Azim T. Community health information system for family centered health care: scale-up in Southern nations, nationalities and people's region. Policy and Practice: Information for Action [quarterly health bulletin of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Ministry of Health]. 2013;5(1):49-53. Available from: <http://www.cpc.unc.edu/measure/publications/ja-13-161>

Fernández VH, Montufar E, Ottolenghi E, Enge K. Injectable contraceptive service delivery provided by volunteer community promoters. Unpublished project report: Population Council; 1997.

Foreit JR, Garate MR, Brazzoduro A, Guillen F, Herrera MC, Suarez FC. A comparison of the performance of male and female CBD distributors in Peru. *Stud Fam Plann*. 1992;23(1):58-62.

Frontiers in Reproductive Health Program (FRONTIERS); Family Health International; Advance Africa. Best practices in CBD programs in sub-Saharan Africa: lessons learned from research and evaluation. Washington (DC): FRONTIERS; 2002. Available from: http://advanceafrica.msh.org/publications_and_presentations/Meeting_Reports_and_Presentations/MRP_CBD_in_SSA.pdf

Gallo, MF, Walldorf J, Kolesar R, Agarwal A, Kourtis AP, Jamieson DJ, et al. Evaluation of a volunteer community-based health worker program for providing contraceptive services in Madagascar. *Contraception*. 2013;88(5):657-665. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4453873/>

Georgetown University, Institute for Reproductive Health (IRH). A powerful framework for women: introducing the Standard Days Method to Muslim couples in Kinshasa. Washington (DC): Georgetown University, IRH; 2011. Available from: <http://irh.org/resource-library/a-powerful-framework-for-women-introducing-the-standard-days-method-to-muslim-couples-in-kinshasa/>

Georgetown University, Institute for Reproductive Health (IRH). Lactational Amenorrhea Method (LAM) projects in India. Washington (DC): Georgetown University, IRH; 2008. Available from: http://pdf.usaid.gov/pdf_docs/PDAACL615.pdf

Georgetown University, Institute for Reproductive Health (IRH). Introducing the Standard Days Method of family planning into Kaanib: testing counseling strategies. Unpublished report; 2003.

Green CP, Joyce S, Foreit JR. Using men as community-based distributors of condoms. Washington (DC): Population Council, Frontiers in Reproductive Health; 2002. Available from: http://www.popcouncil.org/pdfs/frontiers/pbriefs/male_CBDs_brf.pdf

- Hasselberg E, Byington J. Supply chain models and considerations for community-based distribution programs: a program manager's guide. Arlington (VA): John Snow, Inc., for the Reproductive Health Supplies Coalition; 2010. Available from: http://www.jsi.com/JSIInternet/Inc/Common/_download_pub.cfm?id=11132&lid=3
- High-Impact Practices in Family Planning (HIPs). Family planning high-impact practice list. Washington (DC): USAID; 2014. Available from: <https://www.fphighimpactpractices.org/high-impact-practices-in-family-planning-list-2/>
- Huber D, Saeedi N, Samadi AK. Achieving success with family planning in rural Afghanistan. *Bull World Health Organ.* 2010;88(3):227-231. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.2471%2FBLT.08.059410>
- Huber SC, Harvey PD. Family planning programmes in ten developing countries: cost effectiveness by mode of service delivery. *J Biosoc Sci.* 1989;21(3):267-77.
- International Labour Organization (ILO). International standard classification of occupations, 2008 revision. Geneva: ILO; 2008. Available from: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/docs/gdstruct08.doc>
- Johri L, Panwar DS, Lundgren R. Introduction of the Standard Days Method in CARE-India's community-based reproductive health programs. Washington (DC): Georgetown University, Institute for Reproductive Health; 2005. Available from: <http://irh.org/resource-library/introduction-of-the-standard-days-method-in-care-indias-community-based-reproductive-health-programs/>
- Khan ME, Hossain SM, Rahman M. Introduction of emergency contraception in Bangladesh: using operations research for policy decisions. Washington (DC): Population Council; 2004. Available from: http://www.popcouncil.org/pdfs/frontiers/FR_FinalReports/Bang_EC.pdf
- Koenig MA, Fauveau V, Chowdhury A, Chakraborty J, Khan MA. Maternal mortality in Matlab, Bangladesh: 1976-85. *Stud Fam Plann.* 1988;19(2):69-80.
- Lemay NV, Sullivan T, Jumbe B, Perry CP. Reaching remote health workers in Malawi: baseline assessment of a pilot mHealth intervention. *J Health Communication.* 2012; 17 Suppl 1:105-117.
- Lewin S, Munabi-Babigumira S, Glenton C, Daniels K, Bosch-Capblanch X, van Wyk B, et al. Lay health workers in primary and community health care for maternal and child health and the management of infectious diseases. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.* 2010;(3):CD004015.
- Lewin S, Dick J, Pond P, Zwarenstein M, Aja G, van Wyk B, et al. Lay health workers in primary and community health care. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.* 2005;(1):CD004015.
- Liu A, Sullivan S, Khan M, Sachs S, Singh P. Community health workers in global health: scale and scalability. *Mt Sinai J Med.* 2011;78(3):419-435.
- Maes K, Kalofonos I. Becoming and remaining community health workers: perspectives from Ethiopia and Mozambique. *Soc Sci Med.* 2013;87:52-59. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3732583/>
- Malarcher S, Meirik O, Lebetkin E, Shah I, Spieler J, Stanback J. Provision of DMPA by community health workers: what the evidence shows. *Contraception.* 2011;83(6):495-503.
- Marie Stopes International (MSI). Monitoring and evaluation of task-sharing of Depo-Provera to community health workers in Sierra Leone. London: MSI; 2015.
- Ministry of Health (MOH) [Ethiopia]. Implanon and other family planning methods uptake in a sample of focus Woredas (June 2009 - Dec 2010). Washington (DC): PROGRESS; 2012. Available from: <http://www.fhi360.org/sites/default/files/media/documents/family-planning-uptake-ethiopia.pdf>
- Ortayli N, Malarcher S. Equity analysis: identifying who benefits from family planning programs. *Stud Fam Plann.* 2010;41(2):101-108.
- Perry HB, Zulliger R, Rogers MM. Community health workers in low-, middle-, and high-income countries: an overview of their history, recent evolution, and current effectiveness. *Annu Rev Public Health.* 2014;35:399-421. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1146/annurev-publhealth-032013-182354>
- Phillips JE, Bawah AA, Binka FN. Accelerating reproductive and child health programme impact with community-based services: the Navrongo experiment in Ghana. *Bull World Health Organ.* 2006;84(12):949-955. Available from: <http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/84/12/06-030064.pdf>
- Phillips JF, Greene WL, Jackson EF. Lessons from community-based distribution of family planning in Africa. New York: Population Council; 1999. Available from: <http://chwcentral.org/sites/default/files/Lessons%20from%20Community-based%20Distribution%20of%20Family%20Planning%20in%20Africa.pdf>
- Prata N, Gessesew A, Cartwright A, Fraser A. Provision of injectable contraceptives in Ethiopia through community-based reproductive health agents. *Bull World Health Organ.* 2011;89:556-564. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3150764/pdf/BLT.11.086710.pdf>
- Prata N, Vahidnia F, Potts M, Dries-Daffner I. Revisiting community-based distribution programs: are they still needed? *Contraception.* 2005;72(6):402-407.
- Ross J. Improved reproductive health equity between the poor and the rich: an analysis of trends in 46 low- and middle-income countries. *Glob Health Sci Pract.* 2015;3(3):419-445. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.9745/GHSP-D-15-00124>
- Routh S, Ashraf A, Stoeckel J, Khuda B. Consequences of the shift from domiciliary distribution to site-based family planning services in Bangladesh. *Int Fam Plan Perspect.* 2001;27(2):82-89. Available from: <http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/journals/2708201.html>
- Sebastian MP, Khan ME, Kumari K, Idnani R. Increasing postpartum contraception in rural India: evaluation of a community-based behavior change communication intervention. *Int Perspect Sex Reprod Health.* 2012;38(2):68-77. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1363/3806812>
- Shieshia M, Noel M, Andersson S, Felling B, Alva S, Agarwal S, et al. Strengthening community health supply chain performance through an integrated approach: using mHealth technology and multilevel teams in Malawi. *J Glob Health.* 2014;4(2):020406. Available from: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4267094/>

- Simba D, Schuemer C, Forrester K, Hiza M. Reaching the poor through community-based distributors of contraceptives: experiences from Muheza district, Tanzania. *Tanzan J Health Res.* 2011;13(1):1-7. Available from: <http://www.ajol.info/index.php/thrb/article/viewFile/56350/53523>
- Singh P, Chokshi DA. Community health workers: a local solution to a global problem. *N Engl J Med.* 2013;369(10):894-896. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1056/NEJMp1305636>
- Stanback J, Mbonye A, Bekiita M. Contraceptive injections by community health workers in Uganda: a non-randomized trial. *Bull World Health Organ.* 2007;85:768-773. Available from: <http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/85/10/07-040162/en/>
- Stoebenau K, Valente TW. Using network analysis to understand community-based programs: a case study from highland Madagascar. *Int Fam Plan Perspect.* 2003;29(4):167-173. Available from: <http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/journals/2916703.html>
- Subramanian L, Oliveras E, Bowser D, Okunogbe A, Mehl A, Jacinto A, et al. Evaluating the coverage and cost of community health worker programs in Nampula province in Mozambique. Watertown (MA): Pathfinder; 2013. Available from: <http://www.pathfinder.org/publications-tools/pdfs/Evaluating-the-Coverage-and-Cost-of-Community-Health-Worker-Programs-in-Nampula-Province-in-Mozambique.pdf?x=131&y=2>
- Suchi T, Batz B. Strengthening services and increasing access to the Standard Days Method in the Guatemala Highlands. Washington (DC): Georgetown University, Institute for Reproductive Health; 2006. Available from: http://pdf.usaid.gov/pdf_docs/PDACH685.pdf
- Tawye Y, Jotie F, Shigu T, Ngom P, Maggwa N. The potential impact of community-based distribution programmes on contraceptive uptake in resource-poor settings: evidence from Ethiopia. *Afr J Reprod Health.* 2005;9(3):15-26. Available from: <http://www.bioline.org.br/pdf/rh05036>
- Vernon R, Ojeda R, Townsend MC. Contraceptive social marketing and community-based distribution-systems in Colombia. *Stud Fam Plann.* 1988;19(6 Pt 1):354-360.
- Viswanathan K, Hansen PM, Rahman MH, Steinhardt L, Edward A, Arwal SH, et al. Can community health workers increase coverage of reproductive health services? *J Epidemiol Community Health.* 2012;66(10):894-900. Available from: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/jech-2011-200275>
- World Health Organization (WHO). WHO recommendations: optimizing health worker roles to improve access to key maternal and newborn health interventions through task shifting. Geneva: WHO; 2012. Available from: http://www.who.int/reproductivehealth/publications/maternal_perinatal_health/978924504843/en/
- World Health Organization (WHO). Community health workers: what do we know about them? Geneva: WHO; 2007. Available from: http://www.who.int/healthsystems/round9_7.pdf
- World Health Organization (WHO). The world health report 2006: working together for health. Geneva: WHO; 2006. Available from: <http://www.who.int/whr/2006/en/>
- World Health Organization; US Agency for International Development; Family Health International (FHI). Community-based health workers can safely and effectively administer injectable contraceptives: conclusions from a technical consultation. Research Triangle Park (NC): FHI; 2010. Available from: http://pdf.usaid.gov/pdf_docs/PNADS867.pdf